

Protection of U. S. Sought By Panama Against Costa Rica

Armed Invasion of Territory Charged in Appeal Made by Legation at Washington.

FEARING BLOODSHED, AMERICAN AID ASKED

Costa Rican Troops Said to Have Entered Panama in Guise of "Political Refugees."

Washington, February 24.—The United States government was asked by Panama today to use its good offices to avoid any bloodshed in Central America growing out of the alleged invasion of Panama soil by Costa Rican troops.

Acting on instructions from President Porras, Charge d'Affaires Lefevre, of the Panama legation, informed the state department that what first appeared to be an influx of political refugees from Costa Rica to Panama was actually an armed invasion. Mr. Lefevre requested that the United States intercede with the Costa Rican minister here.

A message received by Mr. Lefevre from his government and communicated to Under-Secretary of State Davis, was to the effect that troops, acting on instructions from the Costa Rican capital at San Jose, had occupied territory bordering on the Coto, Golfo and Colorado rivers.

An armed mission headed by General Manuel Quintana, a member of President Porras' cabinet, was said to have been dispatched from Panama to the threatened region by way of David, where civilian troops are being mobilized. The purpose of this expedition, the cable stated, was to "regain sovereignty over the invaded territory."

OFFICIAL ADVICES NOT RECEIVED.

Panama, February 24.—The Panamanian government has not received official advice regarding the reported occupation of Panamanian territory by Costa Rican forces. President Porras informed the Associated Press this evening. Lack of rapid communications from Coto, in the province of Chiriqui, where the invasion is reported, has prevented the receipt of news from that point and likewise from the small armed expedition which the Panama government dispatched for the purpose of investigation and possible defense.

Climax Territory. Thomas Jacome, Costa Rican consul, this afternoon gave out a dispatch from the Costa Rican foreign office answering an inquiry relative to the occupation reports. The dispatch says:

"The Costa Rican government has not invaded territory. It has sent forces and authorities to territories considered its undisputed domain."

See Cause of War. The Diario Nacional, the government organ, declares that the proceeding is a "cause belli and an attack against our sovereignty, which it is necessary to repel by force."

Relative to the state of the territory involved, President Porras said it was the subject of two conflicting arbitration decisions, one favoring Panama and the other Costa Rica. Panama has been holding Coto under the first decision, refusing to accept the second decision.

A demonstration has taken place here against the action of Costa Rica, and loyal parades have been held in the main streets.

DORSEY TO SPEAK IN TECH CAMPAIGN TO BOOST GEORGIA

Thomasville, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—Governor Hugh M. Dorsey, President Matheson, of the Georgia Tech, and Victor Allen, of Atlanta, are expected to reach Thomasville tomorrow morning, in the interest of the Greater Georgia campaign being made by Georgia Tech.

The visitors will arrive on the Coast Line train from Valdosta and will speak at the Commercial Association at 11:30 o'clock. The party is making a tour of south Georgia in the interest of this campaign.

Power and Responsibility Of City Bond Commission Given in Detail by Inman

The powers of the bond commission and the functions which it will possess in the expenditure of the proceeds from the \$8,850,000 bond issue for Atlanta's betterment are taken up in a statement issued Thursday evening by Frank M. Inman, chairman of the bond commission.

The statement follows: "Opponents of the bond issue make the assertion that the bond commission has no authority except a gentlemen's agreement. They say, to spend the bond money. They make no objection to the per-

CONFEREES AGREE ON FINAL DETAILS OF FORDNEY BILL

Emergency Tariff Measure Is Finally Smoothed Out and Returned to House for Final Passage.

EARLY CONSIDERATION OF BILL EXPECTED

Two Cents Per Pound Tariff Placed on Sugar, Which Was the Chief Bone of Contention.

Washington, February 24.—Differences in the Fordney emergency tariff bill as it passed the house and senate were smoothed out today by conference committees of the two branches of congress and the battle-scarred measure was sent back to the house for final action.

Although the bill has a parliamentary right to consideration tomorrow it was deemed unlikely that it would be called up before Saturday. Some of its enthusiastic supporters, however, may compel earlier consideration in an effort to hasten its arrival at the white house and enable an attempt to override the president's veto if such is necessary.

As the bill went back to the house, it carried a flat rate of two cents a pound tariff on the ordinary house brand of sugar. The senate amendment, which was considerably higher, was slashed to pieces in the threatened deadlock of the conference and a new rate in substitution for the present tariff on sugar was accepted by both delegations. The proposed tariff, therefore, amounts to a doubling of the import duties on sugars of all grades, making Cuban sugar pay a duty of \$1.60 per hundred pounds, and a similar rate on molasses and kindred sugar products.

No Tariff on Hides. While agreeing to the tariff on the sugar, the house conferees stood pat on a related proposal to put a tariff on hides and leather products. They likewise forced a reduction of 50 cents per pound from the rate fixed in the senate amendment on certain classes of tobacco. The senate rate was \$4.00 per pound on cherries was compromised at 3 cents per pound.

Some differences on the provision originally in the bill, for a duty on sugar, were settled by the conferees. It was agreed that a flat rate of 1 cent per pound on all except cleaned rice and rice used for the manufacture of canned foods.

There was speculation tonight whether the house would concur in the agreement of its conference committee on the sugar duty. Three amendments were made, it was recalled, to put sugar in the list when the bill was put up in the house and all were voted down overwhelmingly. Several members of the conference committee said privately.

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'PAR COLLECTION' HEARING IS URGED

U. S. Solicitor General Asks Supreme Court to Advance Case—Attorney Smith Makes Reply.

Washington, February 24.—Solicitor-General Frierson joined today with counsel for the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta in urging the supreme court to advance for early hearing the "par collection" case.

The suit was brought last fall by fourteen Georgia banks which sought an injunction restraining federal reserve banks and officials from complying with orders of the federal reserve board requiring collection of bank checks throughout the United States at par.

"The question is one of very great public interest and should be promptly determined," Mr. Frierson told the court. "One of the principal objects of the acts of congress under which the federal reserve banks were established is to secure the payment of checks throughout the United States at par. The right which appellant banks assert to refuse to pay such checks, however, presented at par, would seriously interfere with the carrying out of this plan."

"Under the system which the board is establishing, the total cost of clearances is borne by the federal reserve banks. When this is fully put into effect it will save the general public a large amount of money, which was formerly paid in exchange or charges for remittances."

During 1919, the petition continued, federal reserve banks handled \$74,000,000,000 gross business, at a cost of only \$250,000, while under the old system of clearances the same amount "would have cost the public \$74,000,000."

Answer in Filed. Answer to the motion to advance this case was filed with the supreme court by Alex W. Smith, counsel for the Country Bankers association of Georgia, which is the organization directing the case for the appellant banks. Mr. Smith is now in Washington.

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Harding Is Asked For Cabinet Place By Organized Labor

Telegram Sent President-Elect by Labor Leaders Seeking Recognized Labor Man on Cabinet.

STATE FINANCES BEST IN UNION, SAYS HARDWICK

Quotes Figures to Show That Georgia Is in Better Condition Than Any Other State.

TEMPORARILY FACED BY MONEY STRINGENCY

Governor-Elect Looks for Early Return to Normal Conditions in Business.

"Finances of Georgia, in the larger sense, are sounder than those of any state in the union, bar none," said Governor-elect Thomas W. Hardwick, in an address Thursday at the Atlanta Real Estate board. Following this statement, Mr. Hardwick compared the \$6,000,000 bonded indebtedness of Georgia to the obligations of other states, and referred to the \$15,000,000 revenue-producing state proposed by the Western and Atlantic railroad, as a backing that served to emphasize the solvency of this commonwealth.

"Our bonded indebtedness," declared the governor-elect, "is four or five times smaller than that of other states which have not our valuable income-producing property to fall back upon."

In his brief address Mr. Hardwick definitely committed himself to a policy of economy and retrenchment for the state; the reduction of the present number of commissions and state officers wherever possible, and said that he would employ the veto power, if necessary, to prevent the legislature from appropriating money where no provision was made for raising the sums appropriated.

Powers Income Tax. He also committed himself in favor of the income tax, but said that the taxing of incomes was more of a federal function than of the state. He declared that should the government absolutely necessary for the state to tax incomes he would insist upon the principle of levying such taxes in greater proportion against "invisible" property and against "clippers of coupons" rather than placing the burden upon income industries that employ workmen and furnish opportunities for the laboring man.

Mr. Hardwick had been invited by the real estate board to speak to its members upon "Taxation," declared the subject of taxation, "is always an unpopular one for discussion, especially among those who have to pay taxes. For that reason I am going to talk about other matters also today." Then, prefacing his remarks with the statement that he was not a student of the subject, he turned to the serious question of deflation upon taxation, he said that he is "not so much concerned with the question of getting money as with that of guarding against spending money."

He deplored the fact that Georgia's finances have been made the subject of articles in northern newspapers that did not present the state's monetary situation in the proper light.

"It is due to the acuteness of the process of deflation, and it is purely temporary. Notwithstanding that, it is a temporary condition, however, it has hit us rather hard and it is our duty to meet it with a fund of present conditions, caused by deflation, we will have to meet and solve many perplexing problems."

With reference to the policy of the state, Mr. Hardwick said that Georgia "can safely adopt but one policy—that of refusing to appropriate money until the money is raised." "I am hoping for the support of the business men of the state in my plans to inaugurate this policy which I shall do even to the point of using the veto," he added. "The state should be run as carefully as we run our own business, and I shall advise the legislature to adopt a policy of retrenchment and economy, refraining from making appropriations until provisions have been made to raise the money with which to meet such appropriations."

Present Stringency. Mr. Hardwick then called attention to the fact that the commonwealth seems to be temporarily faced with a financial stringency. He said that the money with which to pay teachers and old soldiers and other state obligations should have been raised by the legislature making such appropriations.

"I shall see to it that all unnecessary expenditures are cut to the bone, and that all unnecessary officials and commissions are lopped off," he said.

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JAP RULE OF YAP BASIS OF PROTEST IN AMERICAN NOTE

Text of American Note Says This Country Cannot Be Bound by Such Mandate Awards.

AMERICAN APPROVAL MUST BE OBTAINED

Value of Island of Yap Is in Its Necessity for All Cable Plans Across the Pacific.

BY JOHN GLEISSNER.

Washington, February 24.—The American note to the council of the league of nations on the subject of the mandates, just made public, formally requests that the decision to award the island of Yap to Japan be reopened for further consideration.

Secretary of State Coby declared that without equivocation that the text of the Japanese mandate which the league council approved December 17 is incorrect and is not an accurate recital of facts.

He stated the American government cannot regard itself bound by the award, or in the award of other mandates in which the approval of this government has not first been obtained.

In Pacific Ocean. Yap is an island in the Pacific ocean. Coby said the reservations which the government had made to its disposition "were based on the view that the island of Yap constitutes an indispensable part of any scheme of practicable arrangement of cable communications in the Pacific, and its free and unimpeded use should not be limited or controlled by any one power."

It was reiterated at the state department that the note is an effort to set clearly before the European powers the view of this government in Mesopotamia, or other mandates, that the new administration may act freely and without embarrassment in the protection of American interests. It is desired to forestall any action the league council, now sitting, may take to ratify the British mandate in Mesopotamia, or other mandates, without consulting America.

Text of Mandate. The text of the Japanese mandate which the council ratified said "the principal allied and associated powers agreed . . . a mandate should be conferred upon his majesty the Emperor of Japan to administer said islands." In referring this, Coby pointed out that the United States is one of the "principal allied and associated powers," and never agreed to the mandate.

"The United States has never given its consent to the inclusion of the island of Yap in any proposed mandate to Japan," wrote Coby. "but on the other hand, at the time of the discussion of a mandate covering the former German islands in the Pacific north of the equator, and in the course of said discussion President Wilson, acting on behalf of this government, was particular to stipulate that the question of the disposition of the island of Yap should be reserved for future consideration."

"This government in notes addressed to the governments of Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan has set forth at length its contention that Yap had in fact been excepted from this proposed mandate and was not to be included therein."

Protest Was Made. Coby stated that protest was made when the "council of four," on May 7, 1919, included the island in the proposed mandate, at which time a final agreement on the disposition of the former German islands had not been reached. The point is made that the American government had thus clearly "made known its position before the mandate to Japan was formally ratified by the league council at its meeting in Geneva December 17."

"As one of the 'principal allied and associated powers,' the United States has an equal concern and inseparable interest with the other principal allied and associated powers in the overseas possessions of Germany, and conceding an equal voice in their disposition, which it is respectfully submitted cannot be undertaken or effectuated without its assent," the note continued. "The

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If You Need a Job Use The Constitution Classified Columns

Personally you can only talk to a limited number of men in a day. Use THE CONSTITUTION and you can talk to thousands of men who employ just such people as you. It costs little, saves time and may open up opportunities you never dreamed of. Phone or call in person.

CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT CONSTITUTION
Main 5000

Hoover Announces Final Acceptance Of Cabinet Place

Boys Will March in Demonstration for Bonds Today

IMPETUS GIVEN BONDS BY NUMEROUS RALLIES

These Put City in Receptive Mood for Parade. Many Meetings Scheduled in Various Wards.

BY HERBERT HOOVER.

Washington, February 24.—Herbert Hoover, secretary of commerce, announced tonight that he had accepted the offer of the cabinet post of secretary of commerce. George Barr Baker, his assistant, announced tonight.

Mr. Hoover, in a statement made public by Mr. Baker, announced that he would continue to direct the policies of European relief.

Mr. Hoover's statement follows: "President-elect Harding this evening asked me to state that he has included me in his nominations for the cabinet as secretary of commerce. Senator Harding and I wholeheartedly into the plans for upbuilding the department and wishes that I continue to direct the policies of the European relief."

Proposes Recognition. Earlier in the day Mr. Hoover stated he had submitted to the president-elect a proposal for the general reconstruction of the department and an enlargement of the field. He also made it clear that as he had assumed heavy responsibilities in connection with relief work, he could not abandon the department.

"If I take the post," he said, "it will be only because I believe that President Harding will stand behind me in making my department of commerce. There is an enormous field for a proper government bureau. It can be made a department of the first importance with the support of the administration and of congress. Unless this is done I cannot undertake my responsibilities."

Legislation Unnecessary. "No special legislation is necessary for the moment," the earliest statement added. "There must, however, be a real location of government bureaus, and we must bring into the department the commercial bureaus which belong there."

"The department of commerce can materially assist in the economic settlement of our foreign relations and must do more than engage in the mere exploitation of our goods."

"I have no objection to my being called upon to give money and then shed all responsibility of administering it at once. Another difficulty is that I have undertaken the trusteeship of eight or ten public institutions of importance, and I cannot abandon them entirely."

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GAS HEAD REPLIES TO SUBURB THREAT

Company Would Welcome East Point When It Decided to Resume Gas—5-Cent Fare Asked.

Replying to the statement of Mayor D. A. McDuffie, of East Point, that if gas rates are not lowered East Point will cut off the mains as they enter the city and will use wood and kerosene for cooking, Preston Arkwright, president of the Atlanta Gas Light company, last night stated that East Point can use or discard gas as it chooses and that the gas company will again welcome the city when it decides to resume the use of gas, which he believed would be "soon."

"I am sorry people have been misinformed on the increased rates of the company, as undoubtedly they have been," he said. "The cost of gas must cover its production or otherwise the company would have to go out of business."

Mr. Arkwright added that, in his belief, certain radical leaders were stirring up strife against the company, and that half of the people did not understand the true state of affairs.

Seems Antagonism. "If the people refuse to buy gas under the increased rates, all I can say is that I am sorry, but it is their right to say what they think, and to use gas or not according to their wishes. The gas company will continue to manufacture enough of the product to meet their needs when they decide to become our patrons again, which I think will be soon."

He believed that the antagonism of the people against the company would subside as soon as the true condition of the cost of manufacturing gas could be understood.

Inman Park Meet. A meeting of fifty Inman Park citizens Thursday night at the Moreland Avenue school, assembled to protest the gas increase, voted to demand that the railroad commission reduce car fare on Atlanta trolleys to 5 cents, and to request a reconsideration of the telephone

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ROME WOMAN LAWYER

First to Practice in Federal Court

Rome, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—A woman recently graduated from the state bar at Savannah, saying that Miss Stella Aiken, a woman attorney admitted to practice in the Federal court in Savannah by Judge Beverly D. Evans, has been challenged by the firm of Mary Campbell Johnson, a woman attorney of Rome.

This talented Rome woman on November 1 was admitted to practice in the Federal court by Judge Hibley, and is the first woman attorney in Georgia to be admitted to practice in a federal court.

The Weather

UNSETTLED.

Washington—Forecast: Georgia: Unsettled Friday; probably rain or snow in north portion; rain or snow in south portion Friday night, Saturday fair.

Highest temperature 49
Lowest temperature 27
Mean temperature 38
Normal temperature 47
Rainfall in past 24 hours, in 1.26
Excess since Jan. 1, in 1.45

7 a.m. Noon 7 p.m.
Dry temp. 27 41 46
Wet bulb 24 32 40
Rel. humidity 87 49 61

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations

STATIONS and State of WEATHER. Temperature, Rain, Wind, Clouds.

ATLANTA, Ga., 52 49 .00
Pharm, rain 52 49 .00
Boston, city 32 38 .00
Buffalo, city 34 40 .00
Charlotte, city 46 50 .00
Chicago, city 30 30 .00
Denver, city 30 30 .00
D. Moines, city 32 42 .00
Galveston, city 60 68 .00
Hartford, city 38 44 .00
Havre, city 56 66 .00
Jaxville, city 52 58 .00
K. City, Mo. 44 50 .00
Memphis, city 50 60 .00
Miami, city 66 62 .00
Milwaukee, city 34 40 .00
N. Orleans, city 54 60 .00
N. Y., clear 24 34 .00
N. Platte, city 46 54 .00
Ola, city 58 70 .00
Phoenix, city 84 88 .00
Pittsburg, city 22 28 .00
Raleigh, city 38 42 .00
S. Fran. city 66 68 .00
St. Louis, city 32 38 .00
S. Lake City, city 34 40 .00
Shreveport, city 70 74 .00
Tampa, city 50 58 .00
Toledo, city 34 38 .00
Vicksburg, city 66 70 .00
Wash'ton, city 20 28 .00

C. F. von HERMANN,
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

ALLEGED CAR ROBBER FOUND IN STATE PEN

Cordale, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—After having been on the trail of Charlie Wilson, alleged car robber, for more than two years, Special Agent L. M. Sumner, of the Seaboard Air Line railroad, has succeeded in locating the negro in the state penitentiary, where he is serving another sentence for which he was sent up from another county. Wilson is the negro who, several years ago, was charged with having robbed freight cars in the Cordale yards in the broad open daylight; he was said to have stolen hundreds of dollars' worth of goods.

Just look up Pryor street from Auburn avenue and you will see where we are now. Then come on up.

The Tripod Paint Co.
93 N. PRYOR STREET
Corner Pryor Place

HARDING FOLLOWS CAUTIOUS POLICY

Says He Is Withholding
Commitment on Many
Cabinet Appointments to
Leave Clear Road for
Changes.

St. Augustine, Fla., February 24. President-elect Harding emphasized today that he was proceeding warily about definite commitments in regard to his cabinet appointments and would keep himself free until the last minute to make any changes that unexpected developments may suggest.

BUDGET RULES REPUBLICAN HOUSE

Serious Row Threatens
Over One-Committee
System on Appropriation
Legislation.

BY JAMES A. HOLLOMAN
Washington, February 24.—(Special.)—The house republicans are on the eve of a serious row over budgetary legislation, and there is a strong possibility of a return to the old system of committee appropriations.

Verdict of Guilty
In Case of Alleged
Assault Attempt

Columbus, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—A jury in Muscogee superior court this afternoon convicted Walter McClellan, a young white man of the city, of attempted criminal assault. McClellan was given a sentence of from five to ten years in the penitentiary. The case was of a sensational nature.

NEGRO IS CHARGED
WITH WRECKING
PASSENGER TRAIN

Macon, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—Alleging that he wrecked the southbound Southern railway train No. 9 at Bonair on the night of February 16, in a spirit of revenge, Rab Dumas, a 23-year-old negro, has been arrested here. A few weeks ago Dumas was arrested for riding a freight train. He claimed he had paid a negro brakeman for the ride, after getting out of that trouble, he is alleged to have sought to get even by wrecking the passenger train. No one was seriously hurt in the derailment he is said to have caused.

TWO BANKRUPT PLEAS ARE FILED AT MACON

Macon, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—Two voluntary petitions in bankruptcy were filed in the United States district court today by Montezuma concerns. The Montezuma Realty and Agricultural corporation schedules liabilities at \$162,918.96, and assets of \$119,850. Of the liabilities \$97,900 are secured claims. The company owns real estate valued at \$109,000. The Bertha Lewis corporation, in its petition, schedules liabilities of \$73,244.92, and assets of \$61,927.34. All but about \$5,000 of the money owed is secured.

TECH DEPLORES DEATH OF COLONEL NEWELL

Students of the school of commerce of Georgia Tech have adopted resolutions on the death of Colonel Hal G. Newell, a graduate of the school and for ten years a trustee, at a mass meeting called to take action on his death. The resolutions set forth the debt of the school to Colonel Newell for advice, moral help and financial gifts, which he freely made to the institution. He was an active worker for the welfare of the school and was held in affection by the students, as the resolutions show.

THORNTON'S
Friday Specials
Luncheon

Baker Red Snapper—	30c
Potatoes—	
Fried Sea Trout—	30c
Tartar Sauce—	
Fresh Shrimp—	35c
Mayonnaise—	

Conveniently Located
Next to the Rialto on Forsyth

CAFETERIA

Aviators Will Try To Destroy Ships By Dropped Bombs

Washington, February 24.—Army aviators who hope to uphold the contention of Brigadier General Mitchell that aircraft virtually have made battleships obsolete, are to receive a special course of instruction of not more than a month, in anticipation of the tests against battleships.

Army orders issued today directed that the end of a line is reached has been

Both of these measures were considered as necessary to any sound budget reform, the law being essential to the successful operation of the other. There would be no purpose in submitting one executive budget, with any hope of securing a balanced budget, having the demands of one executive department considered in relation to the demands of all executive departments. If the budget should be divided up into nine or more appropriation bills to be considered by nine separate committees of the house.

Bill Is Formidable.
The drive is for the votes of the eighty new republican members of the house who will be here for the caucus, and whose votes could easily decide the issue. While the leaders are confident that the insolvency bill will not succeed, they admit that it is formidable.

CASES AGAINST WATSON
NOT PROSECUTED BY COURT

Written Apology to Miss
Wiley by Senator-Elect
Ends Buford Incident.

Buford, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—Following a written apology from Senator-elect Thomas F. Watson to Miss Wiley, the cases against Watson in Miss Wiley's hotel, which resulted in the arrest of Mr. Watson on the night of August 19, 1920, for the unfortunate and regrettable occurrence at your hotel on the previous night, to which I was a party.

Violent Deaths
Numerous in City
During Past Year

Murder, accident, suicide and other deaths by violence constitute eight per cent of the mortality in Atlanta during the year 1920, according to figures given out by the city registrar's office Thursday. Out of 3,509 deaths during the year, 292 were due to violence, 162 whites dying by violence as against 131 negroes.

Analysis of the deaths from violence during the year follows:
Suicide: By firearms, seven white men and three white women; by poison, one white woman; by use of knife, one white man; by jumping from a high place, one white man; by use of gas, one white man; by other methods, one white man. Total, 16.
Accidental poisoning: Two white men, four white women, eight negro men, two negro women. Total, 16.
Accidental burning: Eight white men, six white women, five negro men, 16 negro women. Total, 39.
Accidental asphyxiation: Three white men, two white women, three negro men, one negro woman. Total, nine.
Accidental discharge of firearms: Five white men, one white woman, three negro men. Total, nine.
Accidental fall: Eleven white men, 11 white women, two negro men, two negro women. Total, 27.
Accidents on machinery: Seven white men, four negro men. Total, 11.
Automobile accidents: Twenty-five white men, seven white women, seven negro men, two negro women. Total, 41.
Railroad accidents: Twenty-two white men, three white women, two negro men, one negro woman. Total, 28.
Accidental drowning: Two white men, one white woman. Total, three.
Homicides: By firearms, 11 white men, two white women, 49 negro men, nine negro women. Total, 82.
By use of knife, two white men, seven negro men, eight negro women. Total, 17.
By other means, five white men, three negro men, two negro women. Total, seven.
Grand total of homicides, 106.
Violent deaths from other causes: Two white men, three negro men. Total, five.

PRICE OF BREAD RISES IN ITALY AS SOLONS VOTE

Rome, February 23.—The government today succeeded after a long debate in passing its bill increasing the price of bread introduced in order to make up in part the deficit in the budget due to the previous fixing of the price at a 10/ figure. The government's majority was nearly 300.

The chamber also passed an additional bill authorizing the government to increase the prices paid for foodstuffs by natives of coun-

tries where Italian money is at a discount. This bill had its origin in the fact that Italy pays for wheat, wheat and raw materials in pounds sterling and dollars, which means Italians pay five times the cost price.

DRINK OR DRUG

POISONING requires ELIMINATION. The New Treatment acts as an ANTIDOTE for these poisons, it cures a loathing for drink or drugs and overcomes the diseased condition. (No Hyocine used.) Dr. J. H. Conner, 10 years with the "Keeley" charge. Neal Institute, 229 Woodward Ave., Atlanta, Ga.—(adv.)

CALL BELLE ISLE TAXICAB

SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT for the Six Months Ending December 31, 1920, of the condition of the

Fidelity Union Fire Insurance Co., OF DALLAS, TEXAS.

Organized under the laws of the State of Texas, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State, Principal Office—Browder & Royal Streets.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.

1. Whole Amount of Capital Stock \$300,000.00 \$300,000.00

2. Amount Paid up in Cash 300,000.00

II. ASSETS.

2. Loans on Bond and Mortgage (duly recorded, and being first liens on the fee) \$272,125.00

3. Stocks and Bonds owned absolutely by the Company; par value, \$57,150.00; market value (carried out) 57,150.00

6. Cash belonging to the Company deposited in Bank \$2,138.70

7. Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission 42,978.06

Total Cash Items (carried out) 95,114.76

9. Amount of Interest actually due and unpaid 9,435.39

11. All other Assets, both real and personal, not included here-inbefore: Due to Other Companies for losses paid 64.48

Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value \$533,892.23

III. LIABILITIES.

2. Gross Losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses \$14,885.52

5. Deduct Re-insurance thereon 258.33

6. Net amount of Unpaid Losses (carried out) \$14,927.19

11. All other claims against the Company: Unearned Premiums 68,432.96

12. Joint Stock Capital actually paid up in cash 300,000.00

13. Surplus beyond all Liabilities 150,862.08

14. Total Liabilities \$533,892.23

IV. INCOME DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1920.

1. Amount of Cash Premiums received \$115,376.58

3. Received for Interest 13,498.94

6. Total Income actually received during the last six months in cash \$128,875.52

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1920.

1. Amount of Losses Paid \$16,826.99

3. Amount of Expenses paid, including fees, salaries and commissions to Agents and Officers of the Company 41,997.58

4. Paid for State, National and Local Taxes in this and other States 1,991.12

5. All other Payments and Expenses, viz: Legal Expenses, \$1,800.00, less adjustment expense, \$187.95 1,987.95

Total Expenditures during the last six months of the year in cash \$61,903.64

Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk \$10,000.00

Total Amount of Insurance outstanding 108,220.92

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON.—Personally appeared before the undersigned R. A. Kennedy, who being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the State Agent of Fidelity Union Fire Insurance Company and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

R. A. KENNEDY, State Agent.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 24th day of February, 1921. (Seal) H. H. TROTTER, Notary Public, Georgia State at Large. (My commission expires August 4, 1924.)

Name of State Agent—R. A. Kennedy.

Name of Agent at Atlanta—R. A. Kennedy.

USE CONSTITUTION WANT ADS

Say, but it's good to get back to Piedmonts

TASTES just as good as it used to—that ripe old Virginia tobacco. So rich and mellow—so "lively" and full of "sparkle"—so different from the tobaccos you get in cigarettes nowadays.

You can travel far—but you'll never find better tobacco than Virginia or better cigarettes than Piedmonts.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

LIKE OLD FRIENDS—THEY'RE THE BEST

Piedmont CIGARETTES

10 for 10 cents

20 for 20 cents

Also in round AIR-TIGHT tins of 50

BARFIELD'S New Market

AT
Peachtree and Tenth Sts.

We have opened for our North Side patrons' convenience, a branch at 833 Peachtree street. Everything in Sea Foods and Poultry of the same high quality as our Main Store, 17 East Alabama Street.

For Lent Fresh Fish

The finest eating fish that swim the sea come fresh each day to Barfield's for Atlanta housewives.

Speckled Trout, Red Fish, Spanish Mackerel, Red Snappers, Etc.

Fish is one of the purest of foods, and can be fixed in innumerable appetizing, tasteful ways. You get the best here.

BARFIELD'S
17 E. Alabama St., and
833 Peachtree St. Phones Main 1036
Main 6036

The Last Word in
Sport Oxfords

—IN—
Grey Suede Brown Suede
Grey Kid Brown Kid
Trimmed Trimmed

Gray Suede
Black Calf Trimmed

\$10

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY

Signet Shoe Shop
13 PEACHTREE STREET

Cash
Mail
Orders

Refunds
Desired

For Atlantans—Most Complete Stock of Spring Styles

ONE DAY'S CROP IN ARKANSAS TOWN IS THREE DEAD

DeWitt, Ark., February 24.—Three



GREYLOCK
JUST OUT—A SMALL
ARROW
COLLAR
FOR YOUNG MEN
Chell, Peabody & Co., Inc., New York

TRIMO

THE WORD THAT STANDS FOR
Superior
Pipe Wrenches
AND
Monkey Wrenches
FOR
SHOP, HOME AND FARM

Trimo Wrenches for sale everywhere.
With Steel Frames that will not break.
Not Guards that prevent accidents.
Turning of the nut in close quarters.

BUY OF YOUR DEALER OR WRITE
TRIMO MFG. CO., Roxbury, Mass.

Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, OF BOSTON.

Organized under the laws of the State of Massachusetts, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia, in pursuance of the laws of said State. Principal Office—210 Lincoln Street.

II. ASSETS.

5. Stocks and Bonds owned absolutely by the Company:	
Pay value, \$6,811,000; market value, \$6,811,000.	\$ 6,811,000.00
6. Cash in the Company's principal office.	13,649.51
6. Cash belonging to the Company deposited in Bank.	346,317.21
Total.	359,966.72
7. Total Cash Items (carried out).	359,966.72
8. Amount of Premium Notes upon which policies have been issued.	2,351.79
9. Amount of Interest actually due, and accrued and unpaid.	67,687.30
11. All other Assets, both real and personal, not included hereinbefore:	
Premiums Receivable.	966,586.89
Total Assets of the Company, actual cash market value.	7,427,304.10

III. LIABILITIES.

1. Losses Reserve.	\$ 3,626,721.99
2. Net amount of Unpaid Losses (carried out).	\$ 3,626,721.99
3. Dividends declared and remaining unpaid or uncalled for.	484,052.31
10. The Amount of Reserve for Reinsurance.	9,857.18
11. All other claims against the Company:	
Premiums Unearned.	2,123,938.12
Accrued Expenses and Taxes.	145,182.44
Other Liabilities.	5,716.90
13. Surplus beyond all Liabilities.	1,031,852.16
Total Liabilities.	7,427,304.10

IV. INCOME DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1920.

1. Amount of Premiums Written.	\$ 3,948,848.54
2. Received for Interest.	122,525.87
4. Income received from all other sources.	6,736.27
Total Income actually received during the last six months in cash.	\$ 4,088,170.68

V. EXPENDITURES DURING THE LAST SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1920.

1. Amount of Losses Paid.	\$ 1,201,247.08
2. Cash Dividends actually paid.	918,331.25
3. Amount of Expenses paid, including salaries.	628,660.02
4. Paid for State, National and Local Taxes in this and other States.	29,144.55
5. All other Payments and Expenditures, viz:	5,069.71
Total Expenditures during the last six months of the year in cash.	\$ 2,782,422.61
Greatest Amount Insured in any one Risk (Unlimited).	

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is of file in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF RICHMOND.—Personally appeared before the undersigned, James S. Bussey, Jr., who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Agent of The Liberty Mutual Insurance Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

JAMES S. BUSSEY, JR.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 23rd day of February, 1921.
(Seal) H. G. HOWARD, Notary Public, Richmond County, Georgia.

Name of State Agent—JAMES S. BUSSEY, JR.
Name of Agent at Atlanta—None.

Fifteenth Annual Statement of the Southeastern Life Insurance Company Greenville, South Carolina.

Year Ending December 31, 1920

ASSETS	LIABILITIES
Real Estate	Policy Reserve (Net) ..
Mortgage Loans	Reserve for Instalment and Disability Claims ..
Collateral Loans	Federal Taxes and Other Reserves
Policy Loans and Premium Notes not exceeding Reserve ..	Interest Paid in Advance and Accrued Expenses ..
Stocks and Bonds	CAPITAL & SURPLUS ..
Cash and Certificates of Deposit	
Premiums Due and Deferred	
Interest due and accrued ..	
All Other Admitted Assets	
Non-Assessable Assets ..	

\$1,500,363.80 \$1,500,363.80

TOTAL INSURANCE IN FORCE...\$17,423,674.00

Statement of INCOME AND DISBURSEMENTS SIX Months Ending December 31, 1920

INCOME	DISBURSEMENTS
Cash Premiums Received	Death Losses
Notes Received for Premiums ..	Surrender Policies
Interest Received	Dividends
	Insurance Expenses
	Taxes Paid
	All Other Payments and Expenditures ..
	Gain in Assets During Last Six Months 1920 ..

\$202,946.82 \$36,786.20
13,533.13 7,566.35
43,352.56 5,000.00
59,096.09
4,017.54
5,286.58 \$117,752.76
\$142,079.75

DATES FOR 15 FAIRS IN GEORGIA ARE SET

Eugene Baker Elected President of Georgia Fairs Association.

The dates of fifteen fairs in this state were settled upon at the closing session of the ninth annual meeting of the Georgia Fairs Association, held at the Piedmont hotel Thursday, Eugene Baker, of Gainesville, was elected president of the association at this meeting. The fair managers opened their session on Wednesday.

Mrs. Samuel Lumpkin, of this city, director of the women's department of the Southeastern fair, discussed proposals to add to the features which interest women at community and county fairs. Other prominent fair managers also spoke, touching on various phases of the work, and a "trouble department" resulted in some helpful discussions of difficulties experienced in conducting fairs.

Besides Mr. Baker, other new officers were elected as follows: E. Ross Jordan, of Dublin, and C. D. Shelton, of Sandersville, vice presidents; Brown Whitely of LaGrange, secretary-treasurer; and Mrs. M. E. Judd, of Dalton, J. W. Fleming, of Columbus, Robert of Columbus, directors.

It was decided to hold the next annual meeting in Albany on the fourth Wednesday in January, the fair dates announced were as follows for 1921:

Colquitt county fair, October 10-15.
Early county fair, October 24-29.
Northeast Georgia fair, October 11-15.
Georgia-Florida fair, October 31-November 5.
Georgia state fair, October 27-November 5.
Savannah Tri-State exposition, October 24-29.
Southern Georgia exposition, October 17-22.
Twelfth district fair, October 10-15.
Western Georgia fair, October 10-15.
Rockdale county fair, October 26-30.
Paulding county fair, October 10-14.

Albert Kemp, of Crofton, England, hammered the piano for 110 hours without any rest, pause or intermission except what was called for by the music, and he claims that this is the record performance of this character.

CONSTITUTION

Washington, D. C.—"I was a sufferer of constipation for about eighteen months. I took a good many things for it but nothing did me much good. I decided to try Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. If all Dr. Pierce's medicines are as good as his 'Pleasant Pellets' are for constipation, I think the world should know it."—JAMES A. NELSON, 1631 Sixth St. N. E. At all druggists. 25c a vial.

IF SKIN BREAKS OUT, IS FIERY, ITCHY OR ROUGH, USE SULPHUR

Just the moment you apply Mentho-Sulphur to an itching, burning or broken out skin, the itching stops and healing begins, says a noted skin specialist. This sulphur preparation, made into a pleasant cream, gives such a quick relief, even to fiery eczema, that nothing has ever been found to take its place.

Because of its germ destroying properties, it quickly subdues the itching, cools the irritation and heals the eczema right up, leaving a clear, smooth skin in place of ugly eruptions, rash, pimples or roughness.

You do not have to wait for improvement. It quickly shows. You can get a Mentho-Sulphur at any drug store.—(adv.)

EQUITABLE SHOWS GAIN

Paid in 1920, \$72,683,550. Assets Now \$627,141,737.

The sixty-first annual statement of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States gives evidence of the company's continued progress. The new insurance in 1920 totaled \$529,559,921, and on December 31 the outstanding insurance passed the \$2,556,500,000 mark. An increase of over \$27,000,000 is shown in the total assets, including a net increase of \$24,000,000 in mortgage loans. Over \$72,683,000 was paid to policy holders and beneficiaries in death claims, matured endowments, dividends, annuities, etc., during the year. The mortality rate was the lowest in the history of the company. The average policy issued was \$3,440, as against \$2,296 five years ago, showing an increase in the average value of policies. A large increase was made in the number of policies payable on the death of the insured, as well as those taken to protect business interests and to provide for inheritance taxes. Over 37 per cent of the domestic death claims were paid within 24 hours after receipt of proofs of death.

CAPTAIN AMOS BAKER DIES VERY SUDDENLY

Well-Known Citizen Found Dead in Bed on Thursday.

Captain Amos Baker, well-known Atlanta citizen who for 22 years was a deputy in the Fulton county tax collector's office, was found dead in bed Thursday morning at his home, 238 Woodward avenue.

Captain Baker had been in poor health for the past 15 years, but his condition had never been critical. He was a shock to his many friends throughout the city. He died at 10 o'clock Thursday morning.

When asked by a member of the Third Georgia, Captain Baker was an employee of The Constitution during the days of Henry Grady and Joel Chandler Harris. He was prominent in fraternal circles, belonging to the Masons, Red Men and Elks, and was a leading member of the Odd Fellows for a number of years.

He is survived by his widow, who was Miss Middle Eason, of Fayetteville, and three sons, John W. Baker, George W. Baker and A. H. Baker.

GAS HEAD REPLIES TO SUBURB THREAT

Continued From First Page

rate case, in addition to indorsing resolutions adopted at several previous indignation meetings in other communities.

W. M. Halston, president of the Edgewood Progressive club, the organization in which the indignation campaign originated, presided by request. Among the speakers attacking the new rate were Attorney L. L. Crawford, who introduced the resolution; Dr. L. N. Huff, Ed S. Myers, Mrs. Nell Austin, W. T. Hagland, R. C. Meeks and others.

A committee was appointed to meet with committees from other community meetings to make arrangements for the central indignation meeting to be held at the Baptist Tabernacle on Thursday night, March 10.

The circulation of a petition to the railroad commission, requesting that the gas rate case be reopened, was begun at a meeting of 65 West End women held Thursday night at the residence of Mrs. Banks Whitman, of 201 Gordon street. The gathering also went on record as indorsing resolutions adopted previously by other indignation meetings demanding the removal of the three commissioners who voted for the increase, and commending Commissioner Boileau for his negative vote on the matter.

The Kirkwood meeting, which had been planned for Thursday night, was postponed for one week, according to announcement by O. Ray, clerk of the West End Club Improvement club, which is promoting the gathering. The meeting was postponed because of the recent death of the mother of President W. E. Saunders.

The strongest protest yet registered against the increased gas rate granted the Atlanta Gas Light company developed Thursday, when announcement was made by officials of East Point that approximately 300 gas consumers will discontinue the use of gas and will depend entirely upon wood and oil stoves for cooking purposes.

Mayor D. A. McDuffie, in announcing that the city administration will cut off the gas at the city limits at the expiration of a 30-day period, declared that East Point will establish its own gas plant, if Atlanta does not furnish gas at much lower rates. Gas consumers in East Point have been put on notice of the step to be taken by the city authorities.

"The gas company can quit collecting from Atlanta," Mr. Parker said. "If Atlanta does not build its own plant, then East Point will arrange to manufacture gas for its own needs."

Officials of the Atlanta Building Trades council gave out for publication Tuesday resolutions adopted by that body at a recent meeting in which the rate increase was attacked and enforcing the increase and securing the railroad commission for granting it.

The resolutions follow in full: Whereas, the Georgia Railway and Power company, by forming a mass of data, effort to substantiate their contention that this mortality is a good reason for the increase of gas rate, and that the manufacture of gas, their rate should be raised to cents on each 1,000 cubic feet used; and

Whereas, on presenting this data before the Georgia railroad commission, they are not to accept same as facts, and granted said increase, ignoring the constant decrease in cost of natural and labor, therefore, Resolved, that the Building Trades council, do hereby move the railroad commission to rescind the rate increase and deem it an unwarranted effort to further burden the citizens of Atlanta; and, be it furthered, that the railroad commission be requested to rescind the rate increase, and to the press of Atlanta, with the appeal that the existing Georgia railroad commission be reformed and a fair and unbiased body be appointed in their stead; and

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be furnished the governor of our state, and to the press of Atlanta, with the appeal that the existing Georgia railroad commission be reformed and a fair and unbiased body be appointed in their stead; and

Resolved, that a copy of these resolutions be furnished the mayor of the city of Atlanta, indorsing the municipal ownership, control and manufacture of gas, and commending the commission's action in granting the gas rate increase was commended in a letter written by O. R. Randall, 57 Virginia avenue, and disclosed Thursday by Commissioner James A. Perry.

Randall's Letter. It follows: To the Honorable Railroad Commission of Georgia: Gentlemen: I have been watching with much interest agitation in Atlanta as a result of the order authorizing an increase in Atlanta gas rates. A great deal of time and energy has been expended, all kinds of resolutions are being passed, some going so far as to want the commission abolished, others want the commissioners voting for the increase rescinded, and still others want the commission to be reformed. I am not sure of one word of evidence produced at any of the meetings to show that the commission has done more than its plain duty. The mere fact that we all dislike to pay an increasing rate for gas, and that we object to the increase, does not mean that the commission has erred in fixing the higher rate. I do not know that the price of meat, food, sugar, clothing, etc., has increased bearing on a manufacturer of gas, as these commodities are not used in making gas.

Undoubtedly the commissioners, seeing that the increased rate knew at the time that it would be very unpopular with some people, and would perhaps bring down upon them storms of criticism. Whatever bearing this in mind, I wish to reiterate my opinion that the commission has done its duty. The mere fact that we all dislike to pay an increasing rate for gas, and that we object to the increase, does not mean that the commission has erred in fixing the higher rate. I do not know that the price of meat, food, sugar, clothing, etc., has increased bearing on a manufacturer of gas, as these commodities are not used in making gas.

Only recently there was some newspaper discussion regarding the water power development of the state, and it was stated that your body was retarding such development, due to the fact that you would not make rates high enough to allow a return on capital invested, and therefore the investing public would be interested in spending its money in Georgia.

I do not know whether our electric power rate is too high or too low, but I do know that the life of the Atlanta Gas company is very essential to the home and industrial life of our community. For your commission to impose upon them rates that are not compensatory and would be little short of a crime, would mean bankruptcy for the company, and the loss of thousands of dollars of invested money, some of which might be that of widows and orphans, and in the end you would do the citizens a greater injustice through impaired service.

A high rate is sometimes a cheaper rate. My solution of this proposition is that if the people attending these mass meetings are not satisfied, and feel the commission has made an error, they should go before the city council and secure an appropriation for sufficient funds and then call on the gas company and endeavor to have them pay their portion of costs for a gas plant and audit of the company's property and books by an impartial engineer and auditor. This course, I think, would get at the facts, as I understand rates are based principally on cost of production and the value of the property producing the service. Certainly our public officials who have a sworn duty to perform should not be subject to ridicule and condemnation unless we know beyond reasonable doubt that they have failed in the performance of that duty. Personally, I have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of the commission, and I believe I share this opinion with the great majority of the people of the state who have the best interest of the state at heart.

Our public utilities consume a good portion of the labor in this state, paying out thousands of dollars each week for wages and salaries; therefore, to starve them out with low, unremunerative rates means robbing the workers, some of whom are already low, which would have its ill effect on the commercial interests of the state.

In conclusion, I make this further suggestion: Instead of passing resolutions, we know absolutely nothing about the value of gas property and cost of manufacture of gas, that in the absence of an audit and a fair hearing, some of the people of high reputation to make a superficial investigation, which would be at the expense of a raid for our position hereafter.

Woman in Savannah Robbed by Bandit In Broad Daylight

Savannah, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—Mrs. F. A. Blakewood, of Savannah, was held up at 10 o'clock this morning on Thirty-third street, the heart of the residential section, and robbed of a purse containing nearly \$100. The bandit was a white man who stopped her to inquire the way to railroad station, and then demanded her purse. He made a motion as though for a hip pocket knife, and she turned around and jumped on a passing street car.

John All, 19 years old, reported today that he was robbed on the same street. He was held up by a negro last night and robbed of \$65. The robber fired at him as he ran away, he said.

TENANT ON ALABAMA FARM GIVEN WHIPPING

Scottdale, Ala., February 24.—Silas Blevins, tenant on the farm of Henry Caperton, near Stevenson, was taken from his home and given a severe whipping by night-riders last night, according to the victim's statement made today to county authorities.

Blevins said that more than 100 masked men, mounted, carried him from the presence of his family to a lonely wood near his home. There he was beaten with whips and whips by six or eight members of the band. Doctors found the man's body covered with deep cuts and numerous bruises.

The victim attributes the beating to his refusal to join the "tenants' union," a new organization that has sprung up in north Alabama.

MEXICAN LABORERS ROUTED FROM CAMPS

Pine Bluff, Ark., February 24.—Forty Mexican laborers, brought from Texas two weeks ago, to work as section hands on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, came to Pine Bluff today and reported that they had been routed from their camp 6 miles from this city last night by unidentified men, who "shot up" the camp.

No one was injured. The Mexicans were engaged to replace maintenance-of-way men who quit work when their wages were cut from \$2 to \$1.50 an hour. They asked that they be sent back to Texas.

POWELL ON TRIAL IN DUBLIN COURT ON MURDER CHARGE

Dublin, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—Frank Powell, charged with the murder of Oscar Rabun, was today brought to trial in the superior court here, after refusal of one grand jury to indict him. They held that the killing was justifiable.

The last grand jury brought a true bill, however, and his trial consumed this afternoon and a portion of the morning, going to the jury some time after 6 o'clock. Powell was in Telfair county when he received notice from his father that the indictment had been returned. He walked 10 miles to meet Sheriff Watson and surrender at his father's house.

The largest known egg is that of the extinct elephant bird of Madagascar, the shell of which has a capacity of about two gallons.

Getting On

with THE Ediphone Built by Thomas A. Edison.

YOU make more than the firm when they buy you an Ediphone. You will pocket the profits of more rapid advancement as you write better letters, more easily and in half the time. Ask for an Ediphone TODAY.

Managements know that the total cost of a shorthand letter is, at least, 43¢. It is quickly proved that Ediphones will pay for themselves in the first year, with systematized correspondence. And, everyone in the office will be helped.

Write Now For The Booklet "Getting On"

Telephone The Edison—Main 2-40 and 241

Prove it on your own work

Baylis Office Equipment Co.

1 South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

Phones Main 240 and 241

DICTATE EVERYTHING TO THE EDIPHONE

Low Brothers

A brand new car for less than \$4.

NEIGHBOR Bill told me about the bargain. Told me, Wednesday. So Thursday, I bid my old car good-bye. We shut the door on it, and never looked at it until Saturday morning, when it was time to go to the Sunday School picnic.

Wife was considerably fussed. Declared the car wouldn't be fit to use. When I opened the door, there it was, just wreathed in smiles, and hard as you please.

Maybe we didn't feel all puffed up, when a lot of the folks at the picnic, accused us of buying a new car. When a fellow can buy a couple of quarts of Lowe Bros. Auto Varnish Color for \$4, and put it on the car himself, Thursday, and use his car Saturday; looks like everybody who wants to, can have a new car. You can get this Auto Varnish Color down at the paint store. Comes in 12 colors. No trick to put it on, or I could never have done it.

The Lowe Brothers Company 93 PETERS STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Fridell Bros., 248 Peachtree St.; Miller Lumber Co., 168 Ridge Ave.; Stewart Avenue Pharmacy, 231 Stewart Ave.; East Atlanta Hardware Co., 905 Glenwood Ave.; Turner & Everett, Dentists; W. A. Fleming & Co., 1111 West Peachtree St.; East Point Lumber Co., East Point, Ga.; College Park Lumber Co., College Park, Ga.; Factories: Dayton, Toronto.

Butters Bread Stays Sweet

Fresh from the churn

ATLANTA NUT BUTTER CO.

299 Marietta Street

ATLANTA, GA.

Im churning NUCOA

OLEOMARGARINE

ATLANTA NUT BUTTER CO.

299 Marietta Street

ATLANTA, GA.

Im churning NUCOA

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Im churning NUCOA

OLEOMARGARINE

ATLANTA NUT BUTTER CO.

299 Marietta Street

ATLANTA, GA.

Charming Costumes Seen at Rotary Fashion Show



Above are seen some of the striking gowns and costumes worn by employees of the J. P. Allen company at the Fashion show staged under the direction of J. C. LaViere, of the Allen company, before the Rotary club at its annual George Washington dinner party Tuesday night.

The annual George Washington dinner party of the Rotary club held Tuesday night was featured by a fashion show staged under the direction of J. C. LaViere, of the J. P. Allen company. All of the models were employees of the Allen company and the Rotarians and their wives were agreed that it was the most complete display of fash-

ions on living models ever seen in Atlanta. "Jim" Allen, as he is called in Rotary circles, was chairman of the committee on arrangements, and to him goes the credit for Rotary's best annual party.

Some of the most attractive of the costumes shown are presented above. Left to right: Mrs. Joe Daly wearing a costume of the Colonial

period, fashioned of gray chiffon taffetas, with very full skirt on which was applied French roses. The tight-fitting basque, dropped from the shoulders, and on the left side was a wreath of French roses. Here hat was of lavender taffetas, in a mushroom shape, trimmed with French roses, and three long loops and ends of lavender taffeta ribbon finished the hat. In her hand she carried an old-fashioned

vanity bag of lavender taffetas, trimmed with rosebuds and gold galloon, while completing the Colonial period were wristlets of black velvet ribbons. Miss Hannah McMichael, in a gray charmeuse beach costume, introducing hand embroidery, wore a tam of the same material finished with silk tassels. In the center, Miss Ruby Andrews, bathing costume was of green satin, and her hat was a flar-

350 Spring Suits at Special Prices

There Are Five Different Groups and None of Them Is Marked Over \$50

THIS IS for the woman who has made up her mind that \$50—or less—is all that she is going to pay for her new suit this spring. She is expecting more for her suit money this spring than she was able to get last fall or last spring, or at any time during the last two or three years. She has a right to expect it—she's going to get more! For the cost of producing suits is lower today, much lower, than it has been.



Today we shall present 350 specially priced suits—all under \$50—for the first time. We picked these suits with the utmost care. We bought them in quantities. We bought them at extremely close figures. And we are offering them at extremely close margins—at special prices. The savings on them are pronounced. Here are the various groups:

Suits, \$27.95

Fifty suits of Scotch tweeds and fancy mixtures in mannish tucked and pleated back styles. These have narrow belts of self material and patch pockets on jacket and skirt. Some in tan, brown, green, gray and mixtures. Lined with good silk.

Suits, \$29.95

One hundred suits of good all-wool tricotine in a variety of flare back, belted, straight line and plain tailored styles showing silk thread stitching, silk braid trimming and embroidery. Come in navy and black. Silk lined jackets.

Suits, \$34.95

Seventy-five suits of tricotine and Poirer twill in semi-tailored, ripple jacket, straight line, box and belted styles. To be had in navy and black. Show fancy silk thread stitching, beads and embroidery. Lined with satin and pussy willow taffeta.

Suits, \$39.95

Fifty "stout" size suits in semi-tailored and belted styles. These were designed ESPECIALLY to be becoming to women who are of large build. Tailored from a good quality of all-wool tricotine; navy and black. Sizes are 40½ to 52½.

Suits, \$46.95

One hundred springs suits of fine quality all-wool tricotine in plain and novelty styles showing silk embroidery, silk braid trimming and bead work. They are to be had in navy and black only. Many are belted. The jackets are silk lined.

Second Floor.

52-54-56
Whitehall
Street

Rich's

Telephone
Number
Main 3132

Society

Paramount Club Dance.

The Paramount club held its regular dance Wednesday evening, February 23, at the Utopian club-rooms. The chaperons for the evening were: Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bowling, Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Causey and Mr. and Mrs. Floyd C. Evans.

Among those dancing were: Miss Hutchins, Misses Rucker, Miss Covington, Miss Kathleen Lynch, Miss Mary Shropshire, Miss Margaret Smith, Miss Nell Sample, Miss Edith Smith, Miss Helen Burt, Miss Mae Alva

Avery, Miss Ruth Mitchell, Miss Velma Askew, Miss Roberta Remington, Miss Peggie Jewett, Miss Verna Avery, Miss Olive, Miss Lewis, Miss Lighton, Miss Rhea Frick, Miss C. Bell, Miss Fullbaum, Miss Hunter, Miss Clyde Fallin, Miss Evelyn Ellis, Miss Annie Brown and Miss Frederica Filber; C. J. Van Linge, Jack Farrior, A. J. Peeples, C. E. Bruns, J. A. Vaughn, D. L. McDaniel, J. C. Major, W. H. Pables, A. N. Browning, J. H. Shropshire, J. C. Lynch, J. A. Rozetta, J. A. Matherne, E. C. Garner, W. H. Avery, G. P. Davis, J. W. Gude, J. T. Lynch, E. C. Robinson, M. Y. Hitchcock, H. V. Ingram, H. W. Drone, A. J. Wheeler, H. O. Crighton, F. E. Griffin, E. Quills, Edwin O. Faulkner, David R. Hook, E. H. Sessman, B. C. Rice, F. H. Thompson, R. E. Wilhite, W. H. Fudge, J. W. Matthews, J. L. Kiffer, M. P. Fishback, Carl L. Levens, Leon Berry, W. H. Stackhouse, E. C. Carver, A. B.

Free Kindergarten of Health for Children.

As an auxiliary of the Psychological Free School of Health which meets every Sunday afternoon at the chamber of commerce, Robert Bryan Harrison, director of the school, is perfecting plans to open at a suitable location a free kindergarten of health for children to meet every Saturday afternoon. He will be assisted by several musicians and dancers and will conduct the kindergarten along same lines conducted by him during his residence in Saint Louis.

The object of the school is to assist parents and children in correcting bad habits, such as improper breathing, biting fingernails, telling lies and other unhealthy habits. Parents who feel enough interest in this movement to come and bring their children are requested to send name and address to Mr. Harrison at 415 Chamber of Commerce building.

Meeting of Atlanta League of Women Voters.

The ninth ward citizenship school of the Atlanta league of women voters held its first meeting Wednesday afternoon at the Highland school auditorium. Mrs. Benjamin Elsas spoke on municipal government and an interesting discussion followed.

Ward leaders for the coming year were also elected at this meeting as follows: Mrs. J. H. Gibbs, chairman; Mrs. W. E. Foster, vice-chairman; Mrs. Bobb, W. Schwab, secretary. The office of treasurer was left open until a later date.

Ticket Committee At Woman's Club.

The ticket committee of the Atlanta Woman's club for the opera musicals, Mrs. Omar F. Elder, chairman, will meet this morning at 10 o'clock at the club-rooms. Mrs. Elder requests all who have been selling season tickets to make a report at this time, checking the unsold tickets or turning in the money for those sold. It is imperative that this be done as quickly as possible.

Dances for College Set.

There will be a dance at Taft hall Saturday evening from 9 till 12 o'clock for the members of the college contingent. This dance will follow the basketball game at the Auditorium. The music will be furnished by the Garber-Davis orchestra. The chaperons will be: Mr. and Mrs. Pegram, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert W. Davis, Major and Mrs. O. L. Pendleton, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John Warren Leach, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Dunlap, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Orme, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Nevin, Mr. and Mrs. John O. DuPre, Dr. and Mrs. G. D. Ayers, Dr. and Mrs. William A. Goldsmith and others. There will also be a dance Monday evening.

Meeting of Bulldog Club.

The "Bulldog Club" of Washington seminary had a meeting yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Edgar Dunlap, Jr., on Ponce de Leon avenue.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Miss Earle Carter entertained an after-theater party Tuesday afternoon in honor of Miss Josephine Baughart, of Augusta. The guests were: Miss Baughart, Mrs. C. S. Baughart, Mrs. J. D. Youngblood, Miss Julia Green, Miss Julia Youngblood.

John Woodside, Jr., is at St. Petersburg, Fla., visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Woodside, Sr.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Patterson of Washington Court-house, Ohio, arrived yesterday for the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Patterson at their

Dr. Wasson Delivers Address At Regular U. D. C. Meeting

Dr. S. E. Wasson, pastor of St. Mark's Episcopal church, delivered a scholarly address before a large gathering of Daughters of the Confederacy Thursday at their regular meeting, which was a joint celebration of Washington and Lee. Dr. Wasson told in an interesting manner of the close connection of the two great American patriots. He also spoke of the memorial which the south will establish at Washington and Lee university in honor of General Lee.

Mrs. Gertrude Johnston sang delightfully Foster's boat song, "The Rose and a Lovely Garden." Mrs. Charles Love arranged the program and introduced Dr. Wasson and Mrs. Johnston. A vote of appreciation was extended to the program.

Mrs. Plane Speaks. Mrs. C. Helen Plane, founder of Atlanta chapter, was present for the first time in several months and was welcomed by the members. Mrs. Plane urged the chapter to co-operate in every way with the National Memorial Association.

Mrs. W. B. Price-Smith spoke in the interest of the bond issue, urging women to register and vote. Mr. O. Woodard reported that \$120, the chapter's contribution to the European relief fund, had been turned over to Marvin Underwood, state chairman. Mrs. Joseph Heard was made chairman of a committee to assist in the campaign for \$10,000 for the humane society. Mrs. Heard requested the members to contribute

home on West Peachtree. Miss Anne Townsend of New York is visiting Mrs. Blanton Barrett at Birch Valley Farm.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Burr have returned from a two weeks' trip down the East.

Mr. and Mrs. John T. Hainer, of Philadelphia, who have been spending a week hunting on their plantation near Macon, will arrive Saturday to be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel T. Weyman until Tuesday.

Miss Frederick Rayfield is in Chicago. Miss Elizabeth Shumake is being delightfully entertained as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. Hall in Morristown, New Jersey.

Miss Dorothy Haverty has returned from Miami, Florida.

Palge Jones who has been the guest of his mother, Mrs. Howard Jones, will leave Sunday for Chicago to resume his studies.

Miss Lucy Elizabeth Harper arrives today from Lucy Cobb institute in Athens to spend the week-end with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Harper on Peachtree road, and will entertain at an informal buffet supper Saturday evening.

Miss Harriet Rhodes will arrive today to spend the week-end with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest L. Rhodes on Peachtree road. Miss Rhodes is attending school at Lucy Cobb in Athens.

Little Miss Kathleen Douglas Estes celebrated her sixth birthday on Wednesday afternoon at the

to this cause and to phone her at Ivy 600.

State Normal Rooms. Mrs. Sterling Elder reported that the three young ladies, Misses Elizabeth Reynolds, Katherine Colvin and Myrtle Walton, now occupying the Atlanta chapter rooms at the state normal in Athens (Winnie Davis hall), had been granted permission to occupy the rooms another year.

Mrs. Davis Watson reported that a delightful valentine party was given the veterans at the Soldiers' home, February 14, and that plans are being made for a large party Easter at the home.

War Relics Presented. A. C. Bruce, well known Confederate veteran, presented to the chapter several war relics, cannon balls, bullets, etc., picked up from the battlefields around Atlanta. Mr. Bruce opened the meeting with a short prayer.

Reports were made by Mrs. W. C. King, Mrs. C. B. Walker and Mrs. John Manget. Twenty-three new members were added to the chapter roster, as follows: Mrs. L. R. Penson, Mrs. W. W. Carmichael, Mrs. William Leppard, Mrs. M. Hudson, Mrs. H. G. Cranes, Mrs. S. N. McIntyre, Mrs. Jennie L. McDonald, Mrs. J. H. Carroll, Mrs. Frank Berry, Mrs. J. W. Sears, Mrs. W. A. Arnold, Mrs. P. M. Colbert, Mrs. L. D. Watson, Mrs. W. H. Campbell, Mrs. C. P. Byrd, Mrs. H. B. Freeman, Miss Kate Carroll, Miss Margaret Bell, Miss Ellen Brooks, Miss Willie May Brooks and Miss A. L. Bean.

Mrs. C. P. Byrd was appointed chairman for marking historic sites around Atlanta and has already made plans for successful work.

home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Grady Estes, at their home on North Avenue.

Mrs. George B. Hinman is suffering from a broken arm at her home on West Peachtree street.

The officers of the Fourth National bank entertained the employees at a dinner dance last evening at the Piedmont driving club. Covers were laid for 60 guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Warnock announce the birth of a daughter, February 12, who has been named Doris.

Mrs. Norman Sharp's tea this afternoon at the Atlanta Woman's club will compliment Mrs. Mabel Y. Keenan of New York, who is visiting Mrs. A. W. Hills.

Mrs. Lyons Doughty, of New York, and Miss Helen Balliett, of Watertown, Iowa, were honor guests at the bridge-ten given yesterday afternoon by Mrs. Horace Stringfellow.

The Parent-Teacher association of Greenwood school will meet this afternoon at 3 o'clock at the school.

The Parent-Teacher association of Luckie Street school will hold its regular monthly meeting this evening at 8 o'clock. Speakers of prominence will be there to lecture on the home.

The Friday morning Reading club will meet at 12:30 this morning with Mrs. Hunt Chipley at her home on Westview road.

MEETINGS

THE BRENAU STUDIOS

EDISON HALL—182 PEACHTREE ST.

Announce the Engagement of

Senia Solomonoff

Premier Russian Danseur

For a Three Month's Season

BEGINNING MARCH 2d
Limited Number of Pupils in Physical Culture and Dancing
Phone Ivy 2067 for Special Appointment

COAL REGULATORY BILL IS APPROVED

Committee Sends Calder Measure to Senate in Greatly Modified Form, Urging Passage.

Washington, February 24.—Greatly modified in form, the Calder coal regulation bill was sent today to the full senate today by the committee on manufactures, with a unanimous recommendation for passage at the present session.

All provisions in the bill for federal control and operation of the coal industry during emergencies and all tax proposals aimed at elimination of excess profits in coal dealings were stricken out by the committee session, but requirements for full and current publicity on coal mining costs and profits, to be gathered by the federal trade commission, were left intact.

The committee inserted a section requiring the federal trade commission, whenever in its general reports it found instances of extortionate or excessive profits taken by coal mining corporations, to make individual and corporate names available to the public, and to report them individually to congress. Further sections added would require the commission to compile data on contract sale of coal, while the geological survey is authorized to compile full current reports on coal production, stocks and movements.

The report of the committee said the bill was "not offered as a complete legislative solution" of the problem of the deplorable conditions to which the consuming public has been subjected more especially during the past year.

The committee finds, the report added, that no cause constituted either justification or legitimate excuse for the great advance in prices which occurred, which the evidence clearly shows was participated in by operators, wholesalers and retailers, and aggravated by the entrance of a horde of speculators. It is fair to say that not all operators, wholesalers, or retailers increased their prices unduly. Many operators, particularly of the larger class, had a large proportion of their output under contract prices prevailing prior to termination of the fuel administration.

The report concluded with the assertion that congress "has a manifest duty at this time to bring about publicity of costs and profits in the industry, and to declare that coal is a basic necessity, charged with a public interest and use."

Senator Calder, republican, New York, author of the bill, said in satisfaction with the committee action, as "being as far as it is possible to go at this time."

Police Cry "Graft" As Cuff on Pants Order Is Posted

New York, February 24.—Cries of "graft" raised by members of the New York police department following an order requiring the force to wear 2½-inch cuffs on their summer uniform pants, were under official investigation here today.

Many pants were condemned, it is alleged, in a recent inspection, following which the order was published. An advertisement then appeared in evening papers, it is claimed, calling attention to the fact that a certain lieutenant had resigned to enter the tailoring business.

Cuffless trousers, now in vogue, could not be turned up, policemen say, without exposing a multitude of shins.

CONFEREES AGREE ON FORDNEY BILL

Continued From First Page

there was no reason to anticipate a changed verdict this time, although many members are eager to get a tariff measure through that will give relief to the farming interests.

Schedules Changed.

Schedules, which were changed in conference and the rates agreed on are: Wheat, 35 cents per bushel; rice (cleaned), 3 cents per pound, 1 cent per pound on other; olive oil (in bulk), 40 cents per gallon, in less than five-gallon lots, 50 cents per gallon; cotton (staple of one and one-eighth inches or longer), 7 cents per pound; sugar, 3 cents per pound; butter and substitutes, 6 cents per pound; wrapper and filler tobacco, the product of two or more countries when mixed, \$2.25 per pound if unstemmed and \$3.00 per pound if stemmed; filler tobacco, unstemmed, 35 cents per pound; stemmed, 50 cents per pound; cherries, 3 cents per pound; olives, in solution, 25 cents per gallon, not in solution, 3 cents per gallon.

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Diamonds sold by us are carefully graded by experts in accordance with standard classifications.

Every stone bears a tag on which is shown in plain English its exact weight, grade, and our lowest net price.

These weights and grades are guaranteed. We have but one price.

When you buy here you are sure of getting exactly what you think you are buying.

Selection packages sent pre-paid anywhere for inspection. Attractive terms allowed to those who prefer to buy by making monthly payments.

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Maier & Berkele, Inc.
Diamond Merchants
31 Whitehall Street
Established 1887

For Drastic Changes In Judicial System Felder Makes Plea

New York, February 24.—Drastic changes in the federal judicial system, which he termed "archaic," were proposed in a circular issued here today by Thomas B. Felder, of New York, chairman of the lawyers' committee for improving the federal judicial system.

The circular announced that these proposals would be considered in Washington March 1, at a meeting of the committee, which comprises a chairman and one or more members from each congressional district throughout the country. Creation of a joint committee in congress will be asked, it was announced, to consider the suggestions.

Reduction of the number of circuits of the United States from nine to five, with five judges constituting a court, and divisions of the country geographically, so as to utilize the services of the present judges of the United States circuit court, and the abolished commerce court, were included in the proposals.

Trials of violations under the Volstead act before United States commissioners, to relieve the district court judges of the "great volume" of such litigation now assigned to them, was also suggested.

The right of the chief justice to assign a judge from a district where the work does not require all of his time, to any district where he is needed, also was advanced, as was an increase of district judges where necessary in congested and metropolitan districts of the country.

Higher salaries for the federal jurists was approved.

ATTORNEY APOLOGIZES FOR ATTACK ON SAPP

Columbia, S. C., February 24.—Barney Evans, Columbia attorney, who last night was arrested by the South Carolina house of representatives for an attack on Representative Claude N. Sapp and who spent the night in the city jail, made a public apology today and his apology was accepted. Mr. Evans was released from custody.

Took a Relative's Advice

Sykesville, Md.—"I was in bad health for about ten months—suffered every day with my left side. I then began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and also took Dr. Pierce's Medical Discovery and was greatly benefited. After taking six bottles I was well."

"I took Dr. Pierce's medicines at the advice of a relative who uses the 'Prescription' for herself and gives it to her daughter. I think this medicine is good for all women in a run-down state."—MRS. W. BLIZZARD.

Have been sold by druggists for the past fifty years.

CALL BELLE ISLE TAXICAB

CHIEF OF POLICE GETS SUSPENSION

Row Between Jacksonville Mayor and Police Chief Draws Punishment for Latter.

Jacksonville, Fla., February 24.—Chief of Police Frederick C. Roach, was suspended for sixty days without pay by Mayor John W. Martin today on charges of "gross insubordination." The charges result from a letter he addressed to the city commission Wednesday alleging that friction in the police department was due to the mayor's dereliction in his duties as regards the department. Roach's letter followed a statement of Mayor Martin to the effect that he would ask the commission to retire Roach and select a successor. The suspension becomes effective upon approval by the commission.

PRESBYTERIAN LAYMEN GATHER IN VIRGINIA

Staunton, Va., February 24.—Reports to the effect that Chile has made secret treaties with Great Britain and Japan with a view to the eventualities of war between either one or both of those powers and the United States, were officially denied by Jorge Matte, Chilean foreign minister, in a conference with Joseph H. Shea, American ambassador to Chile, today. These reports, it is asserted, have been published abroad.

Veteran's Return Is True Life Story Of Enoch Arden

Lafayette, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—Fred Williams, a young man of this county who was supposed to have died in France in battle and whose body to have been returned here and buried, reports by wire to his wife from New York that he has arrived safely there and will reach home in a few days.

His return gives rise to a real story as full of pathos and tragedy as that of Enoch Arden, for he will find upon his arrival here that his wife after mourning his death for several months, is married to Joseph Robertson, one of Williams' life friends, and is living with Robertson at their home in the country.

The story is that Fred Williams married Miss Grace White, of this county, and in one month was drafted into the army and was sent to Fort Oglethorpe for training. After a very short period he was sent to France and placed at once at the battle front. The war department reported to his wife that he had been killed in battle.

Mrs. Williams, after mourning her husband's death for several months, married Joseph Robertson, her former sweetheart, and a friend of her husband. A short time ago the war department returned the supposed body of Williams to his former home, and the means by which he had been buried in the war department has also paid Mrs. Robertson the money due her on a ten thousand dollar insurance policy, which William carried on his life.

Now Williams reports as not dead, and Mrs. Robertson occupies the unique and dramatic position of being the wife of two legally wedded living husbands.

WOMAN ON TRIAL IN ASSAULT CASE

Mrs. F. C. Johnston, Wife of Prominent Macon Physician, Charged With Injuring Child.

Macon, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—Charged with throwing a caustic soda and lye solution on M. E. Ousta, Jr., the child of one of her neighbors, Mrs. Felix C. Johnston, wife of a well-known Macon physician, was placed on trial in the Bibb superior court today on a charge of assault with intent to murder.

Tonight the state closed its case, and several witnesses for the defense had testified. The trial will be continued tomorrow, with the prospect of the case going to the jury in the late afternoon.

Herbert Stribling and young Ousts were the chief witnesses for the state. They testified they were seated on the steps of the Stribling home at 86 Mulberry street, on June 9, 1920, when Mrs. Johnston walked out of her house and threw a pan containing a liquid solution of some kind on the Ousta boy and then walked back in the house without saying a word.

Dr. J. M. Sigman testified as to the nature of the boy's injuries, but did not state definitely what caused them, except that he was burned in some way. C. Morris, a chemist, testified that he analyzed a portion of the blouse worn by the injured boy, and that he found one-sixtieth of an ounce of caustic soda or lye.

Defense Testifies.

For the defense Miss Jennie Daughtry testified that she was with Mrs. Johnston on the afternoon in question, and that if Mrs. Johnston had thrown anything on the boy she would have seen her do it. She said Mrs. Johnston did not leave her presence from 2 to 6 o'clock, while the alleged assault is said to have taken place about 4 o'clock.

A large number of character witnesses were introduced in Mrs. Johnston's behalf. One of them, R. L. Vinson, testified that he had known Mrs. Johnston for sixty-three years, and that her reputation in the community in which she lives is good. The case is being heard in the afternoon.

HALF-MILLION FIRE REPORTED IN TEXAS

Ranger, Texas, February 24.—Dynamite was being used this afternoon in an attempt to check a fire raging in the business quarter of Breckenridge, according to word received here. The loss was estimated at half a million dollars. The fire started early today in the Bass oil company building, and soon spread to surrounding buildings in the business area.

FITZGERALD CITIZEN MOVES TO RALEIGH

Fitzgerald, Ga., February 24.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Dorniney, Miss Esther King, and W. R. "Speedy" Massey, left Wednesday morning by automobile for Raleigh, N. C., to which place Mr. Dorniney has transferred all his business interests, and where they will make their home.

Mr. Dorniney, who is president of the Georgia association of ice manufacturers, purchased and will assume active management of the Raleigh Ice and Storage company. His interest in the Fitzgerald Ice company has been purchased by the Raleigh Ice and Storage company. Mr. Dorniney, who has been associated with the First National bank for fourteen years, will be secretary-treasurer of the new company. Mr. Massey, who has been assistant manager of the local ice plant, will occupy the same position in the Raleigh plant.

Superb Tailoring

The richness and quality of our foreign wools, exquisite and rare as they are, neither exceed nor excel the superb handiwork that fashions the suits for discerning men.

We have reason to enthuse and you can well appreciate the cause for our eagerness when you have seen this array of exclusive spring wools.

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HAAS & HOWELL

Founded 1891 By Aaron Haas

Seven reasons our friends stay with us year after year--

- 1—strong companies;
- 2—broad and "up-to-the-minute" policies;
- 3—claims paid promptly and fairly;
- 4—engineering and fire-prevention service;
- 5—inspection by expert engineers;
- 6—an organization of over sixty capable, experienced people;
- 7—"service beyond the contract"—in all details affecting our clients' interests.



Maryland Casualty Company

OF BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

Organized under the laws of the State of Maryland, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia in pursuance to the laws of said State.

Principal Office—Baltimore Street and Guilford Avenue.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.	
1. Amount of Capital Stock	\$ 3,500,000.00
2. Amount of Capital Stock paid up in Cash	3,500,000.00—\$ 3,500,000.00
II. ASSETS.	
1. Market Value of Real Estate owned by the Company	\$ 2,504,601.63
2. Loans on Bonds and Mortgage (first liens) on Real Estate	55,000.00
3. Bonds and Stocks owned absolutely:	
Market value carried out	20,084,587.56
4. Cash in Company Office	41,371.65
5. Cash deposited in Bank to credit of Company.	1,180,626.96
6. Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission on policies effective after October 1, 1920	3,551,680.94
7. Interest due or accrued and unpaid	161,967.93
8. Re-insured Losses due from other premiums.	38,145.25
9. Salvage	55,971.72
10. Proportion of Co-insurance Premiums on Coal Mines and Prohibited Risks in course of collection remitted to other Companies	283,240.40
Total Assets	\$ 28,266,165.24
III. LIABILITIES.	
1. Net Premium Reserve	\$ 8,627,712.89
2. Total Claims, Unpaid Claims and those defended, for policy-holders and those not due	10,205,866.19
3. Estimated expenses due to investigation and adjustment of claims	55,120.00
4. Commissions due on policies effective on and after October 1st, 1920	864,842.49
5. All other Liabilities	745,884.56
6. Voluntary Additional Reserve	500,000.00
7. Cash Capital Reserve	3,500,000.00
8. Surplus over all Liabilities	3,766,739.11
Total Liabilities	\$ 28,266,165.24
IV. INCOME DURING THE 2ND SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1920.	
1. Amount of Cash Premiums received	\$ 11,885,398.22
2. Interest Received	599,144.62
3. Amount of Income from all other sources	323,857.70
Total Income	\$ 12,808,400.54
V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE 2ND SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1920.	
1. Losses Paid	\$ 5,173,457.92
2. Total amount actually paid for Losses and Matured Endowments	\$ 5,173,457.92
3. Dividends paid to policy-holders or others	359,000.00
4. Expenses paid, including Commissions to Agents and Officers' Salaries	4,855,323.00
5. Taxes paid	230,645.70
6. All other Payments and Expenditures	761,129.15
Total Disbursements	\$ 11,460,555.77

A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON.—Personally appeared before the undersigned G. Arthur Howell, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Agent of Maryland Casualty Company, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

G. ARTHUR HOWELL.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 24th day of February, 1921.

(Seal) A. D. McGAUGHEY, Notary Public, Fulton County, Georgia.

Fidelity & Deposit Co. of Md.

OF BALTIMORE.

Organized under the laws of the State of Maryland, made to the Governor of the State of Georgia in pursuance to the laws of said State.

Principal Office—N. W. Corner Charles and Lexington Streets.

I. CAPITAL STOCK.	
1. Amount of Capital Stock	\$ 3,000,000.00
2. Amount of Capital Stock paid up in Cash	3,000,000.00
II. ASSETS.	
1. Market Value of Real Estate owned by the Company	\$ 2,427,538.56—\$ 2,427,538.56
2. Loans on Bonds and Mortgage (first liens) on Real Estate	9,500.00
3. Loans secured by pledge of Bonds, Stocks or other Marketable collateral	132,021.91
4. Bonds and Stocks owned absolutely:	
Market value carried out	6,667,800.00
5. Cash in Company Office	6,856,993.59
6. Cash deposited in Bank to credit of Company	1,881,986.45
7. Interest due or accrued and unpaid	5,212.74
8. Re-insured Losses due from other premiums.	1,091,442.41
9. All other Assets, both real and personal, not included hereinbefore	91,398.76
Total Assets	\$ 12,457,704.42
III. LIABILITIES.	
1. Net Premium Reserve	\$ 3,644,762.46
2. Total Claims, Unpaid Claims and those defended, for policy-holders and those not due	2,161,194.38
3. Estimated expenses due to investigation and adjustment of claims	1,627,683.32
4. Commissions due on policies effective on and after October 1st, 1920	3,000,000.00
5. All other Liabilities	2,124,064.25
Total Liabilities	\$ 12,457,704.42
IV. INCOME DURING THE 2ND SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1920.	
1. Amount of Cash Premiums received	\$ 3,058,566.65
2. Interest Received	373,666.16
3. Amount of Income from all other sources	112,771.83
Total Income	\$ 3,545,004.64
V. DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE 2ND SIX MONTHS OF THE YEAR 1920.	
1. Losses Paid	\$ 871,669.18
2. Total amount actually paid for Losses and Matured Endowments	\$ 871,669.18
3. Dividends paid to policy-holders or others	240,000.00
4. Expenses paid, including Commissions to Agents and Officers' Salaries	2,225,710.55
5. Taxes paid	224,472.74
6. All other Payments and Expenditures	631,769.51
Total Disbursements	\$ 4,083,641.98

Greatest Amount Insured in any one risk \$ 2,000,000.00

Total Amount of Insurance out \$ 1,289,571,942.00

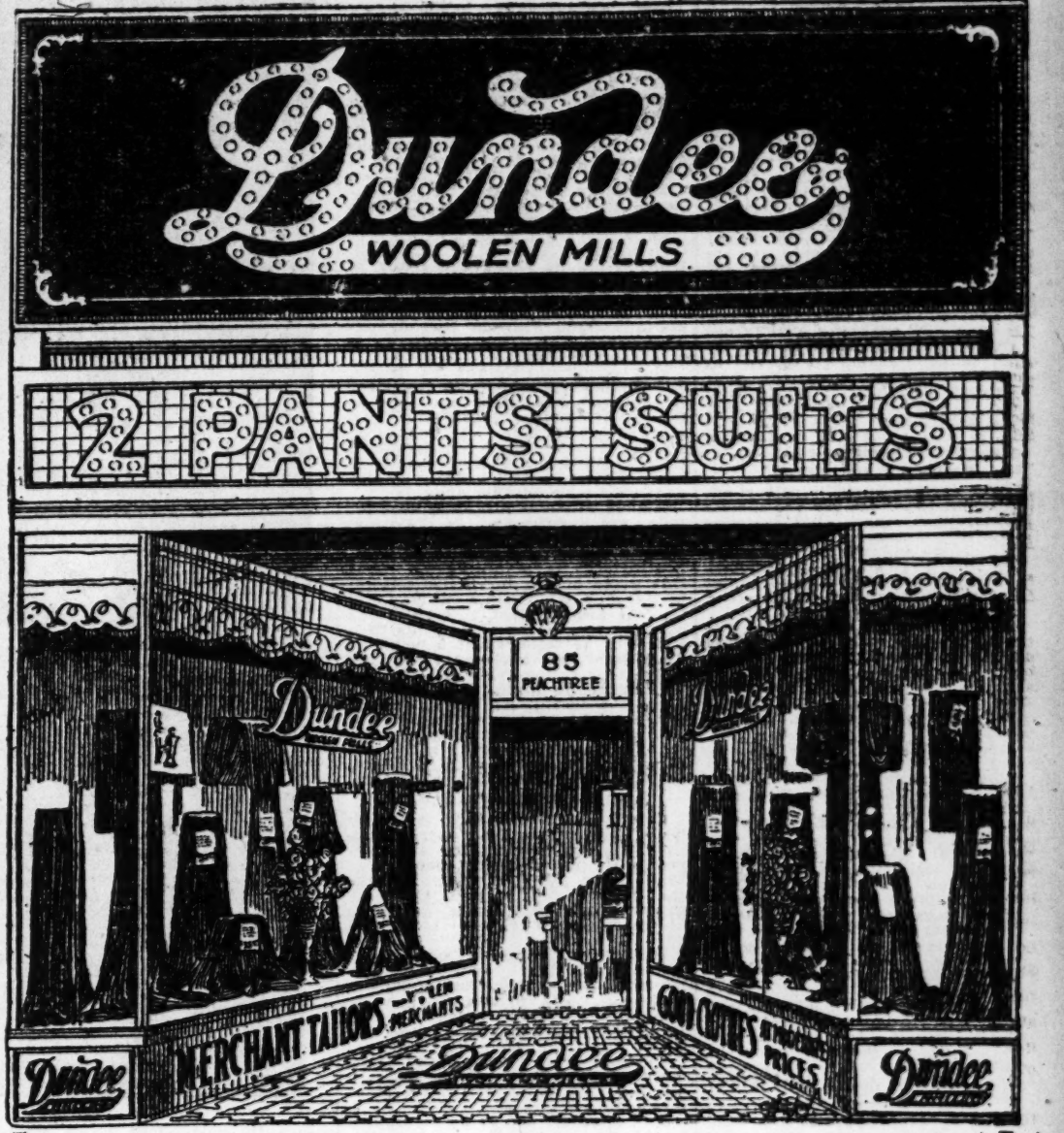
A copy of the Act of Incorporation, duly certified, is in the office of the Insurance Commissioner.

STATE OF MARYLAND, CITY OF BALTIMORE.—Personally appeared before the undersigned Fred A. Axteel, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is the Vice President of Fidelity and Deposit Company, of Maryland, and that the foregoing statement is correct and true.

FRED A. AXTEEL.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 1st day of February, 1921.

(Seal) WM. M. REINHARDT, Notary Public, Baltimore, Md.



Finest and Most Modern Tailoring Establishment in Atlanta

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EXTRA TROUSERS

OF SAME MATERIAL

With Every Made-to-Measure Suit

OUR LEADERS

\$29 \$39 \$49

We Sell Direct From the Woolen Mills to YOU—No Middlemen's Profits

Extra Trousers FREE

GIVES you THREE times the wear to your new Suit and you can always have your extra pair of trousers with a dressy crease. Just think of the "Dundee" offer—only \$29, \$39 and \$49 for a made-to-measure, fashionably cut, tailored quality Suit, with choice of many patterns, weaves and colors, with an extra pair of trousers FREE.

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Some of the Reasons for Making This Assertion:

- We Sell from Weaver to Wearer
 - We Do a Strictly Cash Business
 - We Tailor Our Own Clothes
 - We Have Tremendous Buying Power
 - We Operate Our Own Stores
 - We Guarantee Fit and Workmanship
- We Are Tailors—Not Agents

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BY R. L. BARNUM

